



Maintenance recommendations for stainless steel cabinets.

- ✓ Due to its excellent strength, stainless steel is a material that is easy to keep in good condition, although there is a tendency to falsely believe that it is maintenance-free.
- ✓ In order to preserve its inherent qualities, some minimum recommendations must be followed during its storage, handling and use. Together with the appropriate level of regular cleaning, this will allow it to remain in its original condition, maintaining its corrosion resistance, hygiene and appearance.

Cleaning instructions:

The frequency of cleaning will depend on the environment to which the cabinet is exposed.

- ✓ Wash the surfaces with water and neutral soap until all the dirt has been cleaned off.
- ✓ Use cloths and/or sponges that will not scratch the stainless steel surface.
- ✓ Never forget to rinse well with water following all cleaning.
- ✓ Finishing by drying the cabinet to enhance the surfaces' appearance.
- ✓ Clean and dry following the direction of the polish lines.

What not to do:

We advise against doing any of the following:

- ✓ Do not use bleach.
- ✓ Never use any carbon steel tools in contact with stainless steel, as this will cause contamination from the steel and the immediate appearance of orange-brown rust on the stainless steel surfaces.

PROBLEMS

✓ Fingerprints, grease or oil

✓ Paint stains

✓ Stickers/adhesives

✓ Contamination from iron or chemical products.

SOLUTIONS

✓ Wash with water and a neutral soap. If this is not enough to remove this type of stain, use alcohol and/or acetone. For a perfect finish, continue by washing with water and a neutral soap before rinsing with plenty of water. Dry the surface.

✓ The best way to remove paint from the stainless steel surface depends on the type of solvent used in the paint. In general, organic solvents may be used. It is recommended that the surface is then cleaned with water and neutral soap until all of the solvent has been washed away. Rinse with plenty of water and dry the surface.

✓ Use lukewarm water and rub the surface with a soft cloth. If the adhesive material still does not come off, dry it and then use alcohol or an organic solvent.

✓ In early stages, simply scrubbing it with a 'Scotch Brite' type scouring sponge can get rid of the surface contamination. You may also use sandpaper or other abrasion methods to remove the iron particles from the surface.

✓ If the contamination is severe, you can use acidic solutions containing nitric or phosphoric acid that may be able to get rid of this type of contamination. This type of cleaner is sold in various forms.

✓ If the surface is very badly affected, mechanical treatments are required to remove the affected area, making it possible to restore the stainless steel surfaces.